

## Grammar Rules Quiz

1. The first letter of the first word in a sentence should be \_\_\_\_\_.  
**(a large letter / a capital letter)**
2. The order of a basic positive sentence is \_\_\_\_\_.  
**(Subject-Verb-Object / Verb-Object-Subject)**
3. Every sentence must have a subject and \_\_\_\_\_.  
**(a verb / an object)**
4. A plural subject needs \_\_\_\_\_.  
**(a singular verb / a plural verb )**
5. When two singular subjects are connected by or, use \_\_\_\_\_.  
**(a singular verb / a plural verb)**
6. Adjectives usually come \_\_\_\_\_.  
**(before a noun / after a noun)**
7. If an opinion-adjective and a fact-adjective are used before a noun, which comes first?  
**(a fact-adjective / an opinion-adjective)**
8. In British English, a collective noun is usually treated as \_\_\_\_\_.  
**(singular / plural)**
9. The terms "its" and "it's" have \_\_\_\_\_.  
**(the same meaning / different meanings)**
10. Which is correct?: (You're looking good / Your looking good)

**Answers:**

1. a capital letter	2. Subject-Verb-Object
3. a verb	4. a plural verb
5. a singular verb	6. before a noun
7. an opinion-adjective	8. plural
9. different meanings	10. You're looking good

**Phrasal Verbs Quiz**

1. We arranged to meet at ten o'clock last Sunday but John didn't \_\_\_\_\_ on time.

**(put out / turn up)**

2. I had better leave, I don't want to \_\_\_\_\_ my welcome.

**(give up / wear out)**

3. It was a mistake that I didn't \_\_\_\_\_ the contract before signing it.

**(look through / called out)**

4. John is a rich man because he \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of money last year.

**(checked in / came into)**

5. Liz decided to \_\_\_\_\_ jogging as she needed to lose weight urgently.

**(take up / run into)**

6. I will buy this bag since it is exactly what I have been \_\_\_\_\_.

**(calling off / looking for)**

7. As we have been informed that the weather will get worse soon, we have decided to \_\_\_\_\_ the tennis match.

**(put off / go by)**

8. Before \_\_\_\_\_ for Los Angeles, it is urgent that I get my car serviced today.

**(holding on / setting off)**

9. I am trying to \_\_\_\_\_ from my roommate since I don't want him to be infected as I am.

**(keep away / clear up)**

10. A lot of plant and animal species are in danger of \_\_\_\_\_ at the moment.

**(dying out / setting out)**

11. "I'll drop all of the kids off at school." This phrasal verb's first word is "drop". Which is the second?

**(of / off / at)**

12. Which is correct? "If the TV's too loud, \_\_\_\_\_."

**(turn down / turn it down)**

13. "Do you **believe in** ghosts?" The second word in this phrasal verb is

**(a preposition / an adverb)**

14. Phrasal verbs with a preposition always have a direct object that comes directly \_\_\_\_\_ the preposition.

**(before / after)**

15. Which sentence has a three-word phrasal verb with the structure verb + adverb + preposition?

**(We're running out of milk. / I'll run out to get some.)**

**Answers:**

1. turn up	2. wear out
3. look through	4. came into
5. take up	6. looking for
7. put off	8. setting off
9. keep away	10. dying out
11. off	12. turn it down
13. a preposition	14. after
15. We're running out of milk	

### British American Spelling

**Find out whether the bold word is in British or American spelling.**

1. Have you ever been to the Kennedy Space **Center**?
2. Can I have a **litre** of milk, please?
3. If you want to lose weight, stop eating so many **donuts**.

4. He was wearing black jeans and a **grey** shirt.
5. She went from acting in the **theatre** to working in films.
6. Jamaican runners usually win the 100 **meter** finals.
7. You know how to change a **tyre**, don't you?
8. Don't forget all the **favours** he's done for you in the past.
9. All the houses in the estate are the same **color**.
10. She said they sent us a bank **cheque** last week.
11. They've **travelled** all over the world since retiring.
12. You'd need a hunting **license** to shoot deer.
13. We have a special English **program** for foreign students.
14. We had a **neighbourhood** street party on New Year's Day.
15. The police found her hair **fibers** on his clothing.

**Answers:**

1. American	2. British
3. American	4. British
5. British	6. American
7. British	8. American
9. American	10. British
11. British	12. American
13. American	14. British
15. American	

**For/Since quiz**

**Fill in the blanks with SINCE or FOR that suits the given sentence below:**

1. My grandparents walk \_\_\_\_\_ twenty minutes a day.
2. How long is it \_\_\_\_\_ you visited your grandparents?
3. We have been dating \_\_\_\_\_ a long time.
4. That lady has been waiting for the bus \_\_\_\_\_ noon.
5. I studied for this test \_\_\_\_\_ three days straight.
6. My family has lived here \_\_\_\_\_ last March.
7. She has worked there \_\_\_\_\_ she finished college.
8. I have been calling you \_\_\_\_\_ half-an-hour.
9. Lisa and Jill have been at the library \_\_\_\_\_ a long time.
10. My teacher has been sick \_\_\_\_\_ last Monday.
11. I've had my computer for more than five years.
12. She has spoken 3 languages since she was a child.
13. It's ok. I've only been waiting for a few minutes.
14. I haven't played tennis since I came to Germany.
15. Our family has lived in this house since just after the war.

**Answers:**

1. for	2. since
3. for	4. since
5. for	6. since
7. since	8. for
9. for	10. since
11. for	12. since
13. since	14. since
15. for	

**Preposition Quiz**

1. What floor do you live \_\_\_\_? (at / on / in )
2. I am \_\_\_\_ the office. (at / in / both )
3. Are you \_\_\_\_ your room? (on / in / at )
4. Meet me \_\_\_\_ the bus stop. (in / at / on )
5. I am \_\_\_\_ the city. (in / at / on )
6. I sit \_\_\_\_ the bed. (at / on / in )
7. I sleep \_\_\_\_ the bed. (in / on / at)
8. Put the paper \_\_\_\_ the table. (on / at / in )
9. When we flew \_\_\_\_\_ the clouds, we could see the earth's surface. (over / in / below)
10. Can I sit \_\_\_\_\_ you at the movie theatre? (around / beside / inside)
11. The kids are playing \_\_\_\_\_ the backyard. (at / on / in)

12. Your glasses are right \_\_\_\_\_ you. (in front of / on top of / in behind)

13. You can pick up your keys \_\_\_\_\_ the front desk. (in / at / over)

14. Let's meet \_\_\_\_\_ the front door. (in / at / below)

15. There's a helicopter hovering \_\_\_\_\_ our house. (above / on / under)

**Answers:**

1. on	2. both
3. in	4. at
5. in	6. on
7. in	8. on
9. below	10. beside
11. in	12. in front of
13. at	14. at
15. above	

### Direct and Indirect Speech Quiz

**Choose the option which best expresses the same sentence in indirect/direct speech.**

1. June said, "It is my car."

- a) June said that it is my car.
- b) June said that it is her car.
- c) June said that it was my car.
- d) June said that it was her car.



2. He said, "The man was coming."

- a) He said that the man had been coming.
- b) He said that the man has been coming.
- c) He said that the man was coming.
- d) He said that the man would have been coming.

3. Jim said, "I work here every day."

- a) Jim said that he worked here yesterday."
- b) Jim said that he worked there everyday."
- c) Jim said that he worked here everyday."
- d) Jim said that he worked everyday."

4. Nelvin said that humans have evolved from apes.

- a) Darwin said, "Humans had evolved from apes."
- b) Darwin said, "Humans have evolved from apes."
- c) Darwin stated that humans could have evolved from apes.
- d) Darwin mention human evolution to be from apes.

5. She said to me, "I can sleep alone."

- a) She said to me that she can sleep alone."
- b) She told me that she can sleep alone."
- c) She said to me that she could sleep alone."
- d) She told me that she could sleep alone."

6. Ron said, "They came at six."

- a) Ron informed us that they came at six.
- b) Ron said they came at six.
- c) Ron said that they had come at six.
- d) Ron told us that they came at six.

7. He said, "Smoking is injurious to health."

- a) He said that smoking was injurious to health.
- b) He said that smoking is injurious to health.
- c) He said that smoking had been injurious to health.
- d) He told that smoking is injurious to health.

8. He said, "I am a man."

- a) He said that he was a man.
- b) He said that I am a man.
- c) He said that he is a man.
- d) He said that I was a man.

9. She tells me that I am, indeed, very clever.

- a) She tells me, "You are very clever indeed."
- b) She tells me, "I am, indeed, very clever."
- c) She says to me, "You are, indeed, very clever."
- d) She says to me, "You are very clever indeed."

10. We said, " We are quite happy now".
- a) We told that we were quite happy now.
  - b) We said that we are quite happy now.
  - c) We said that we are quite happy then.
  - d) We said that we were quite happy then.

**Answers:**

- 1. d) June said that it was her car.
- 2. a) He said that the man had been coming.
- 3. b) Jim said that he worked there everyday."
- 4. b) Nelvin said, "Humans have evolved from apes."
- 5. d) She told me that she could sleep alone."
- 6. c) Ron said that they had come at six.
- 7. b) He said that smoking is injurious to health.
- 8. c) He said that he is a man.
- 9. c) She says to me, "You are, indeed, very clever."
- 10. d) We said that we were quite happy then.

**Punctuation Quiz – 1**

1. Which sentence is written correctly?
- a) I want to go to, Orlando, Florida.
  - b) I want to go to Orlando, Florida.

2. Fix this sentence: Let's eat grandma!

- a) Let's eat, grandma!
- b) Let's, eat grandma!

3. Jill who is my sister shut the door.

- a) Jill, who is my sister shut the door.
- b) Jill, who is my sister, shut the door.

4. Which sentence uses commas correctly?

- a) You may have hot chocolate, hot tea, or coffee to drink.
- b) You may have hot chocolate or hot tea or coffee, to drink

5. Insert the comma at the right place: **It's been raining outside but I still want to go the zoo.**

- a) Still,
- b) outside,

6. When writing a city and state, the comma comes \_\_\_\_\_ the two.

- a) Between
- b) before
- c) after

7. Which of these sentences has the comma in the right place?

- a) Please get me, some eggs milk and some butter.
- b) Please get me some eggs, milk and some butter.

8. Which of these sentences has BOTH commas in the right places?

- a) Secretaries, or other workers can often, get free eye tests.
- b) Secretaries or, other workers can often, get free eye tests.
- c) Secretaries, or other workers, can often get free eye tests.

9. Which of these sentences has the comma in the right place?

- a) Lola Anders, the famous author has written a new book.
- b) Lola Anders, the famous author, has written a new book.
- c) Lola Anders the famous author, has written a new book.

10. Which of these sentences has the comma in the right place?

- a) Lee went to Honolulu, Hawai for his vacation.
- b) Lee went to Honolulu Hawai, for his vacation.
- c) Lee went to Honolulu, Hawai, for his vacation.

**Answers:**

- 1. b) I want to go to Orlando, Florida.
- 2. a) Let's eat, grandma!
- 3. b) Jill, who is my sister, shut the door.
- 4. a) You may have hot chocolate, hot tea, or coffee to drink.
- 5. b) outside,
- 6. a) Between
- 7. b) Please get me some eggs, milk and some butter.
- 8. c) Secretaries, or other workers, can often get free eye tests.
- 9. b) Lola Anders, the famous author, has written a new book.
- 10. c) Lee went to Honolulu, Hawai, for his vacation.